

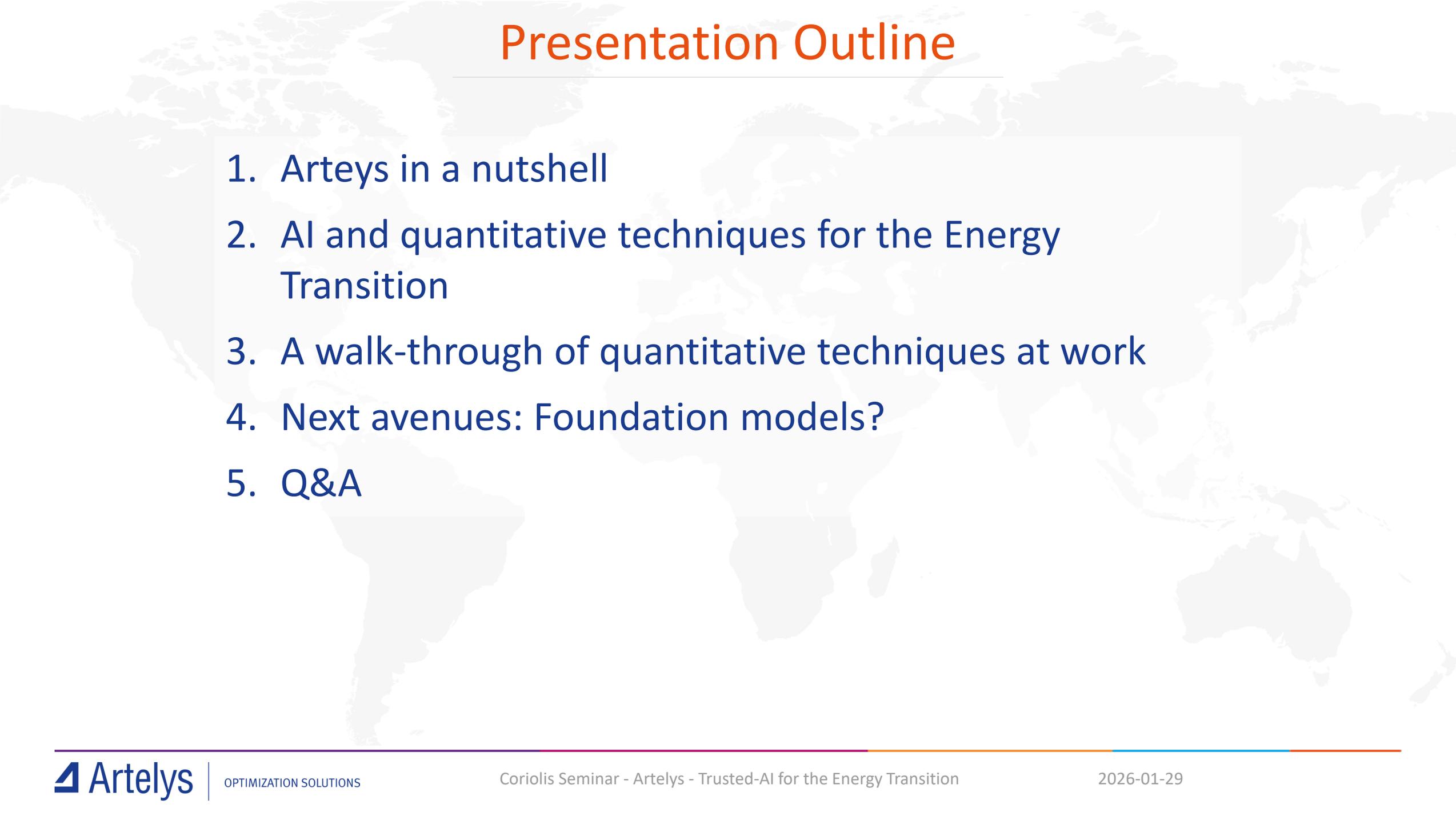
Trusted-AI tools to support operators in the Energy Transition

Coriolis Seminar, Ecole Polytechnique

2026-01-29

www.artelys.com

Presentation Outline

A faint, light gray world map is visible in the background of the slide, centered behind the text.

1. Arteys in a nutshell
2. AI and quantitative techniques for the Energy Transition
3. A walk-through of quantitative techniques at work
4. Next avenues: Foundation models?
5. Q&A



Artelys in a nutshell

Artelys

Artelys is an independent company, founded in 2000, specializing in **decision support, modelling and optimisation**.
Artelys is headquartered in **Paris**, with local offices in Nantes and Lyon, as well as in **Montreal**, Brussels, Madrid and Milan.



2000

CREATION

Arnaud Renaud



15% per year sustained

GROWTH, 40+ countries,
400+ clients



150+

**INTERNATIONAL
EXPERTS**

Engineers, PhDs



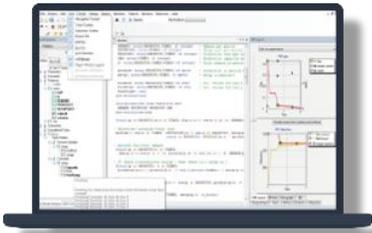
30% to 35% of

activities dedicated to
R&D



SERVICES & CONSULTING

Optimisation,
Data Science
and business expertise



SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

Tailored softwares,
Off-the-shelf software suites,
Numerical solvers



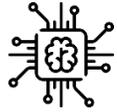
STUDIES

Analysis and planning for an
efficient energy transition



Our Expertise

Artelys delivers **decision-support solutions**, powered by **quantitative techniques**, with a strong focus on the **energy sector**



Optimisation

- ▶ Linear & nonlinear programming
- ▶ Mixed integer programming
- ▶ Numerical solvers development



Data science & AI

- ▶ Descriptive analysis, segmentation
- ▶ Visualization & dashboards
- ▶ Learning & prediction
- ▶ NLP



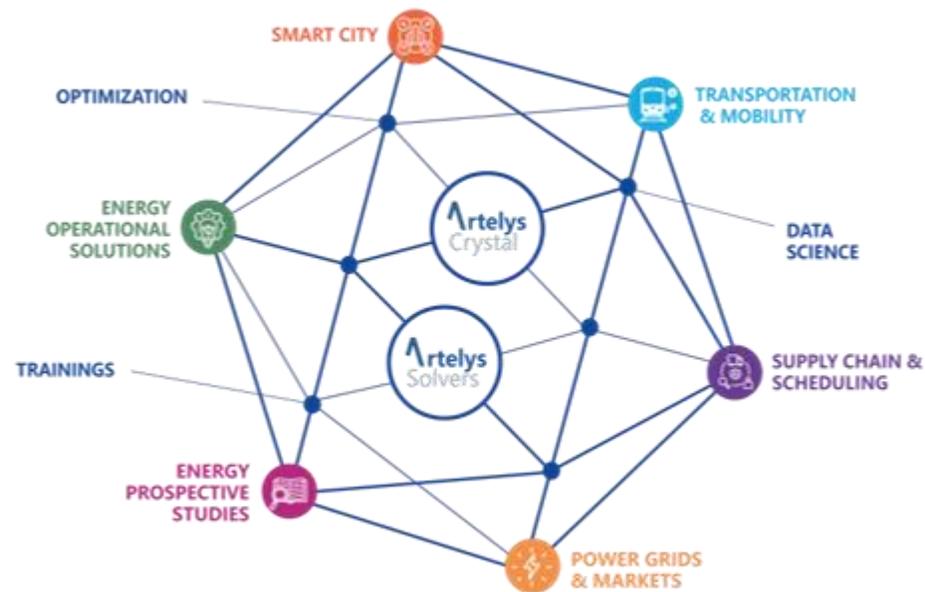
Operational solutions

- ▶ Load-flow calculations for TSOs
- ▶ Market clearing algorithms
- ▶ Assets management optimisers
- ▶ Bidding algorithms



Energy prospective

- ▶ Energy systems fundamental-based modelling
- ▶ Energy transition scenarios
- ▶ Cost-benefit analyses
- ▶ Consulting & market studies



Recent clients in the energy sector

Public sector / NGOs



Infrastructure operators



Utilities



Markets

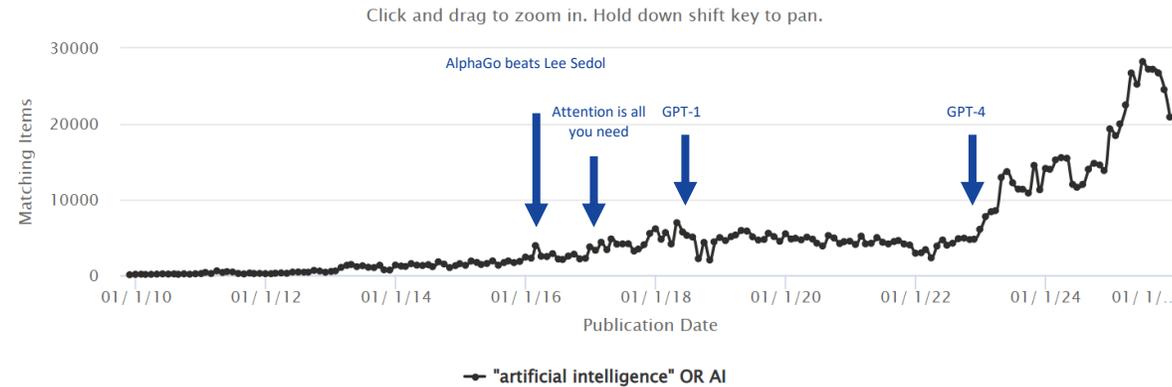




AI Quantitative techniques for the Energy Transition

Artificial Intelligence: what are we talking about?

A media perspective : Monthly news items featuring « AI » or « Artificial Intelligence » in the main US papers



Source: <https://www.mediacloud.org/>

From an Energy professional perspective: this AI is not enough -> Quantitative techniques - Applied Mathematics techniques relevant for decision support

AI as defined above? **Of course!**

Machine Learning, Data Science? **Yes!**

Operation research and numerical optimisation? **As well!**

Good old statistics? **Absolutely!**

And all the computer science knowledge to develop tools leveraging those techniques

Quantitative techniques to meet the challenges of energy transition

1 Energy transition plans imply deploying a very large amount of renewable energy:

- U.S. interconnection queue, composed of generation projects waiting for approval to connect, has risen to 1350 GW in 2022 ([source](#)).
- Germany plans to install 55 GW of renewable before 2030 ([source](#)).



2 But the power grids are already heavily congested:

- U.S. Customers are spending more than USD 6 billion per year on grid congestion charges ([source](#)).
- German customers have spent EUR 4,25 billion in 2022 ([source](#)).

3 And expanding the grid is a slow process

On average, 10 years to build a new line vs 5 years for grid connection ([source](#)).

Quantitative techniques support decision making from planning to operational horizons

HOW? Let's look at some examples

- ▶ Mathematical modelling, numerical optimisation and High Performance Computing for Cost Benefit Analysis of interconnexion projects
- ▶ Reinforcement Learning for congestion management
- ▶ Power systems simulation modules for European Coordination



A walk-through of quantitative techniques at work

Artelys Crystal Super Grid for CBAs

Artelys Crystal Super Grid (ACSG) is a web-based solution dedicated to the **modelling and optimisation** of **multi-energy systems**, modelling a various range of assets from generation to consumption, through transmission and storage.

The modelling is based on a **bottom-up representation**. It is dedicated to model **multi-energy interconnected systems**

The model optimizes the **generation dispatch** by minimizing the system's costs.

The application can also handle **capacity expansion** as well as capacity expansion planning over successive periods.



The application handles various **time resolutions** as well as different **geographical** scales

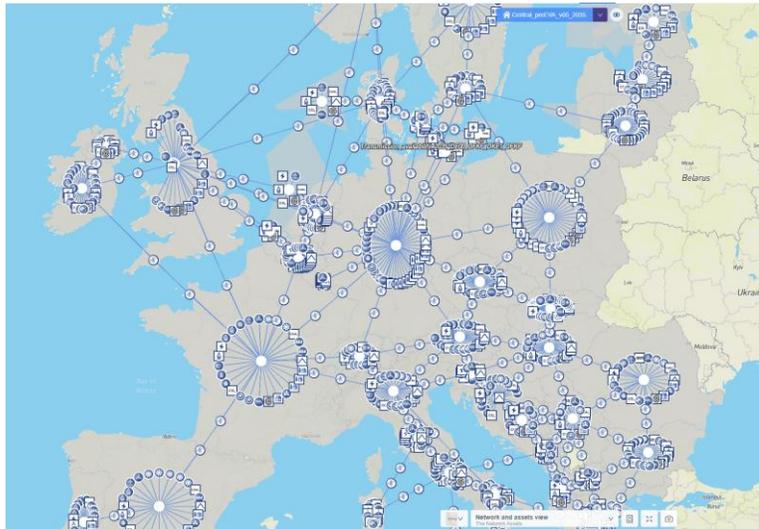
The application incorporates a **high-performance computation service**, combined with an **extensive library** of pre-configured KPIs

The application enables to carry out **numerous sensitivity analysis** by defining a set of variations and launch simulations in parallel with **state-of-the-art optimisation techniques**.

Artelys Crystal Super Grid for CBAs

Ingredients

- A Set of scenarios for the evolution of
- An European system considered at an hourly resolution
- Over few time horizons (e.g. 2030-35-40)
- And a few climatic years
- + An interconnexion project



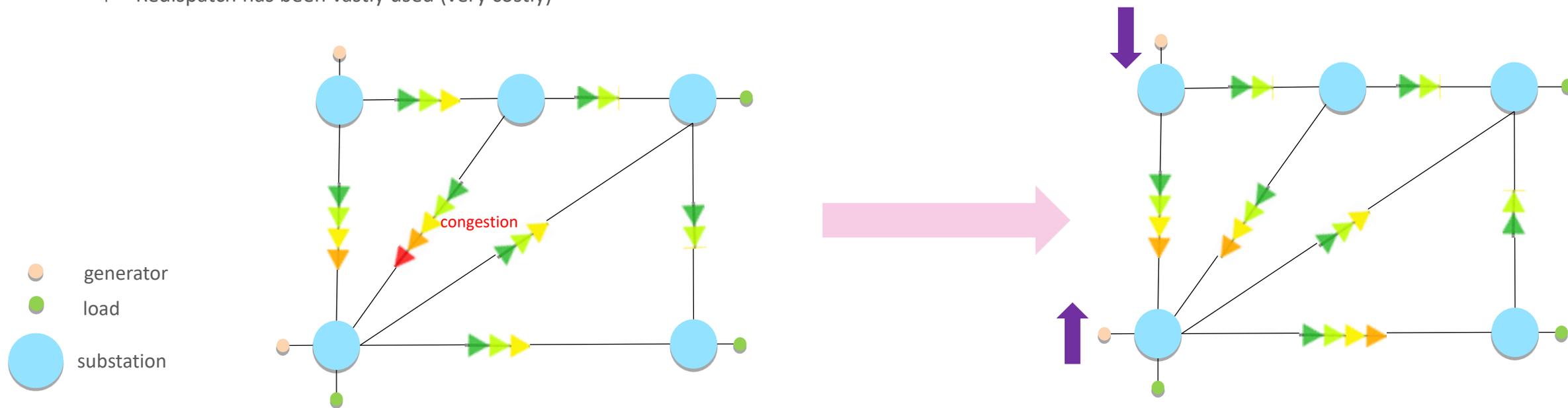
Associated quantitative techniques and key figures

- Assets models (a few **hundreds** assets)
- Probabilistic modelling of outages
- N hourly economic dispatches of a year
 - $N = \text{\#scenarios} \times \text{\#time horizons} \times \text{\#climatic years} \times \text{\#outage draws}$
 - N = a few **thousands**
- 1 economic dispatch = A linear program with **millions** of variables and constraints
- **Dozens** of indicators computed over the optimisation results
- Deployment at scale of parallelized computations over HPC resources
- A few hours of computation on a massive OVH « bare metal » pod
 - **192** cores and **3Tb** of RAM

Reinforcement Learning for congestion management

Question: What are flexibilities?

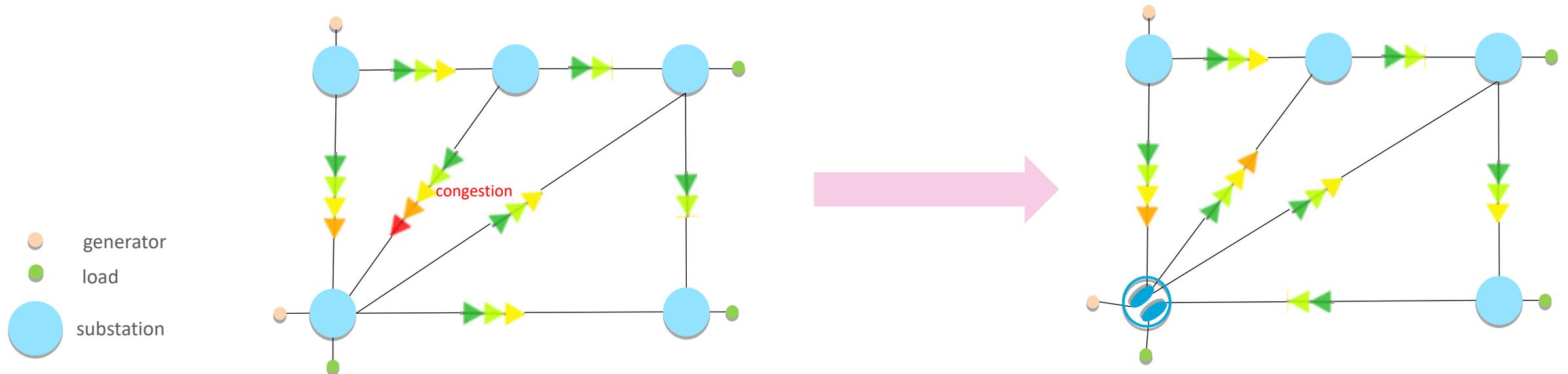
- 4 When it comes to congestion management, flexibilities are a tool to
 - | Anticipate (preventive actions) congestions from a forecasted state of the grid
 - | Resolve (curative actions) congestions when they happen
- 4 How ?
 - | Redispatch has been vastly used (very costly)



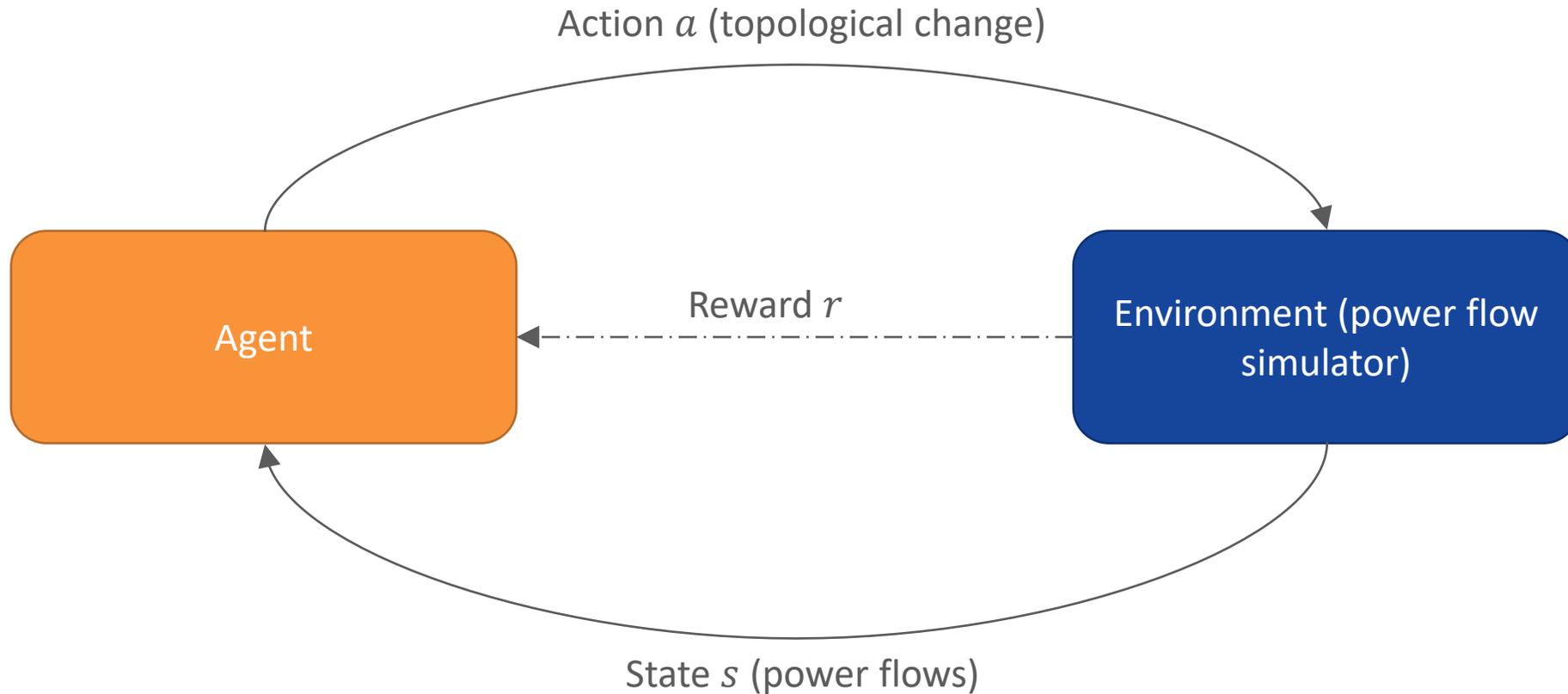
Reinforcement Learning for congestion management

Question: What are flexibilities?

- 4 When it comes to congestion management, flexibilities are a tool to
 - | Anticipate (preventive actions) congestions from a forecasted state of the grid
 - | Resolve (curative actions) congestions when they happen
- 4 How ?
 - | There is another way, and it's cheap -> topological actions (challenge: number of possible actions becomes extremely large)



A word about Reinforcement Learning

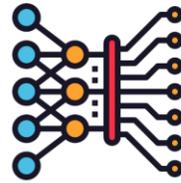


A coordinated Multi-Agents framework



Domain Knowledge

+

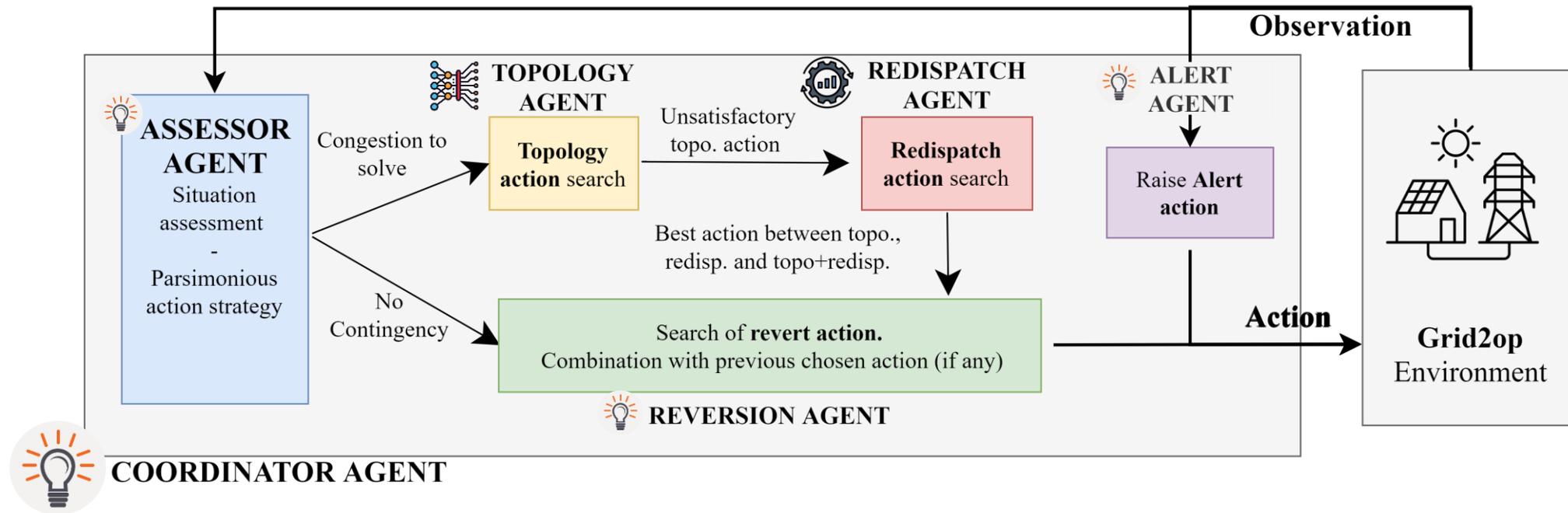


Learning

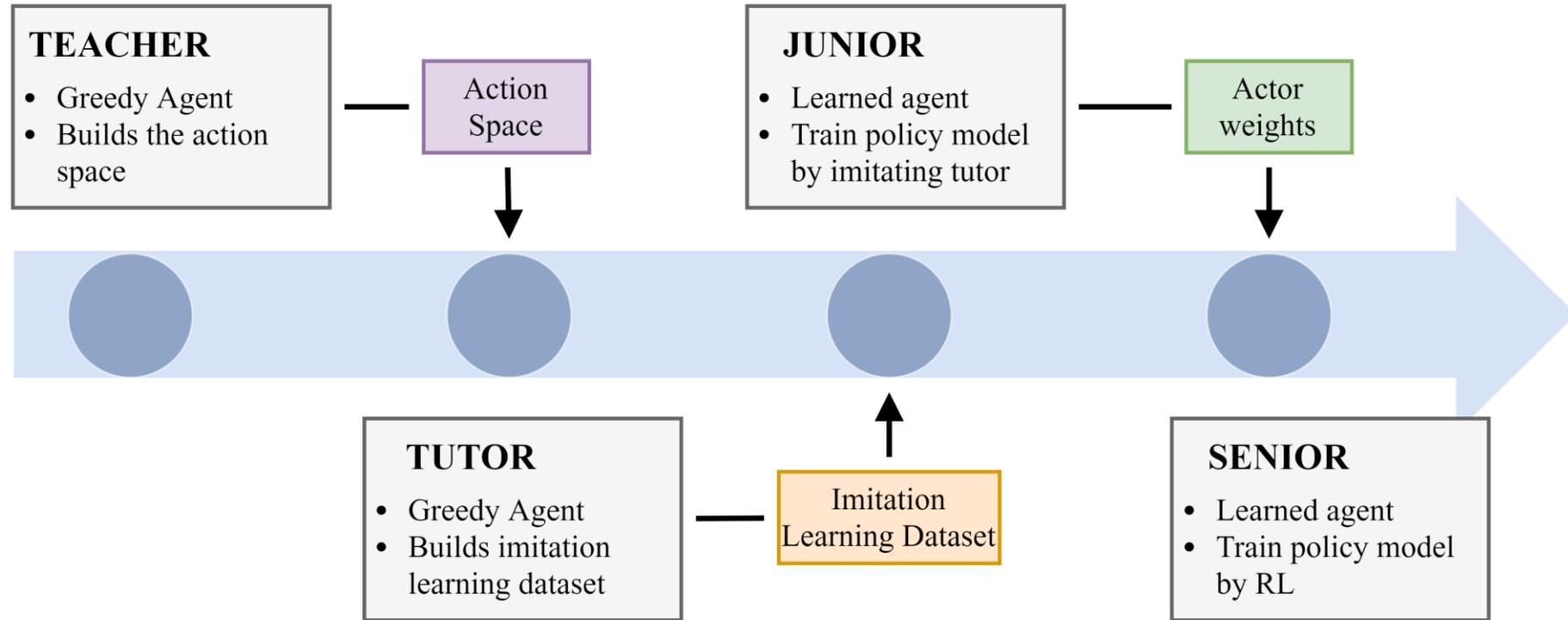
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Optimization



Topology agent – Learning by curriculum



Learning by curriculum [1] adapted from Lehna et al [2] and previous works on L2RPN

[1] Curriculum learning, Y. Bengio, J. Louradour, R. Collobert, J. Weston, 2009

[2] Managing power grids through topology actions: A comparative study between advanced rule-based and reinforcement learning agents. M. Lehna, J. Viebahn, C. Scholz, A. Marot, et S. Tomforde, 2023

Results of the 2023 L2RPN competition



Example of our agent dealing with a contingency in the 2023 L2RPN competition

Question

- ▴ What do you think are the main challenges to go from there to the TSO Operation Room?

Among all your correct answers : Building datasets to train and validate the models & providing the data to the model in operation

PowSyBI: grid modelling and computation framework

4 **PowSyBI** is an open-source framework (“Power System Blocks”) dedicated to electrical grid modelling and simulation.

| **LFE governance**

Technical steering committee: RTE, Artelys and AIA

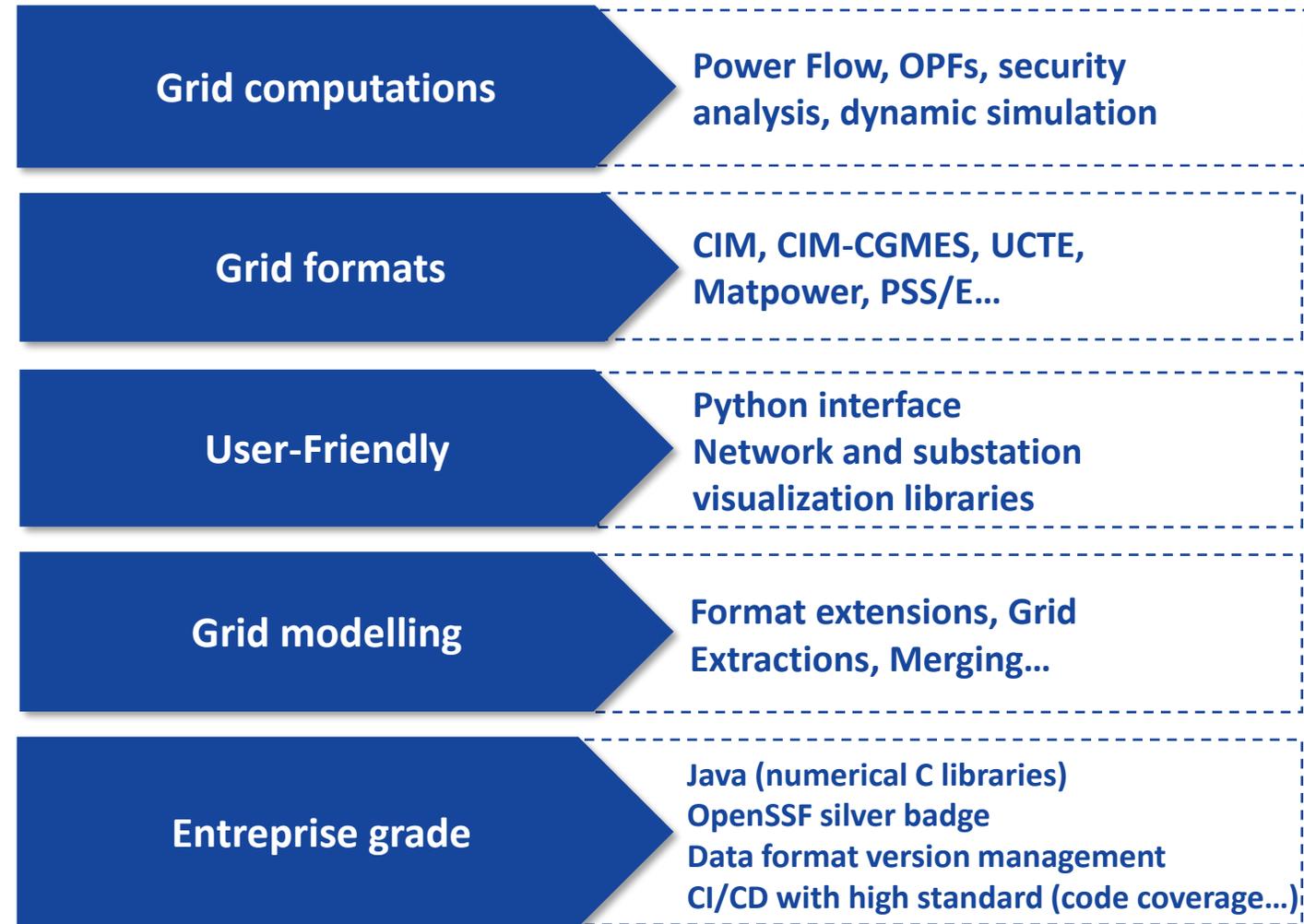
| **Commercial friendly license**

Weakly contaminating MPL v2

| **Large community**

200+ users. Used in daily operations by European Transmission System Operators (TSOs)

| **Transparency**



Focus on Open Load Flow

Planning

Operation

Metrix

Grid reinforcement studies

Calculation of grid reinforcement benefits

With an optimized **economic redispatching** simulator

High performance

100 times faster power flow calculation than standard DC load flow
Tuned integrated open-source ILP solver

Flexible computation

3 calculation modes: LF, non costly actions, full redispatching.

Open Load Flow

Security analysis, Sensitivity factors

AC and DC Load Flow

Grid Merging
Advanced grid modeling (remote control...)

Security Analysis

N-k contingency analysis
Pre- and Post-contingency actions
HPC distribution

Sensitivity Analysis

PTDF, PSDF on a list of network elements, tuned for OPF

Open RAO

Remedial actions optimization

Large selection of Remedial Actions

Topological actions, PST and HVDC setpoints, redispatching
Pre-and post-contingency

Capacity calculation

Optimal action selection to **maximize power flows** between two bidding zones.

Redispatching & countertrading

Minimize congestion management costs

PowSyBI-Open Load Flow – CorNet and European Merging Function

Context

CorNet program: 30+ Transmission System Operators (TSOs) covering 5 regions and 2 Regional Coordination Centers (RCCs) have decided to build a **common IT platform** to perform the coordination tasks from day-ahead to real-time.

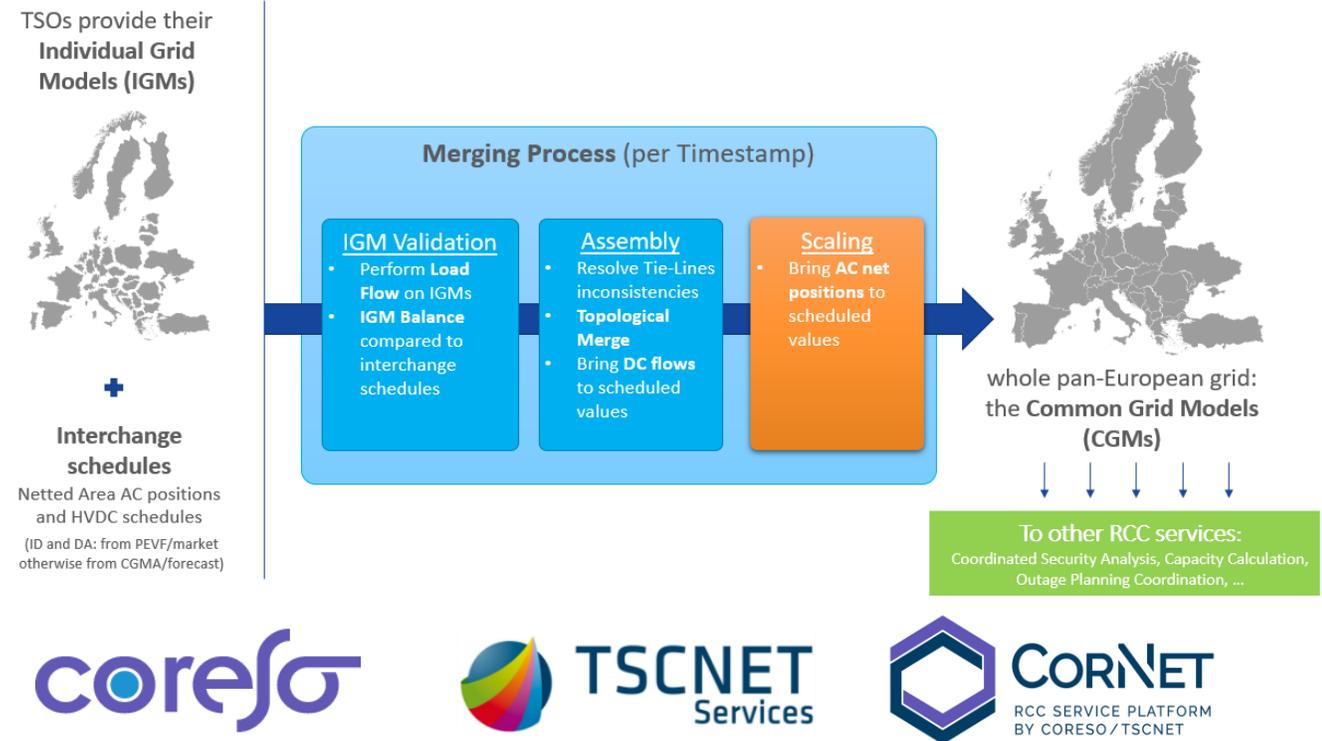
Challenge

A **single pan-European grid model** encompassing all participants is necessary to obtain a holistic view of the systems, validate load flow computations and coordinate cross border energy exchanges.

Methodology

Using **Open-Load Flow**, the approach consists in developing a process that validates then merges TSOs' Individual Grid Models into a Common Grid Model, namely the **European Merging Function**.

Live at CorNet since December 2024.



Open Load Flow – European Merging Function - going further

- 4 The EMF serves as the **backbone for a series of processes under implementation**, to boost the efficiency and the security of the European power systems.

Merging & Load flow Analysis

Assess the loading conditions of power grid elements:

- Validation of models from **+30 TSOs**
- Core region merged network of **120.000 nodes**
- AC/DC LF aligned with **ENTSO-E requirements**
- **High performance** requirements

Security Analysis

Assess the system response to contingencies:

- 24 Timestamps to process on merged network
- **10.000 contingencies**, 6.000 monitored elements
- **High performance** requirements (total time: 5 mins).
- **Parallelized** processes.

IT Systems for RCCs



Cost sharing

Assess the costs for countries to deploy corrective measures

- Application of a **central optimizer** (RAO)
- Transition from "Requester Pays" to "Polluter Pays" principle
- **Sophisticated calculation** chain for Cost sharing key determination

Capacity Calculation

Assess the max transfer capacities at borders to ensure secure power trading between countries

- **Different time horizons** to be considered (Intra-Day, Day-Ahead, Monthly, Annual,...)
- **From monthly to annual** capacity calculations for **SWE region**
- **High performance** requirements





Foundation models

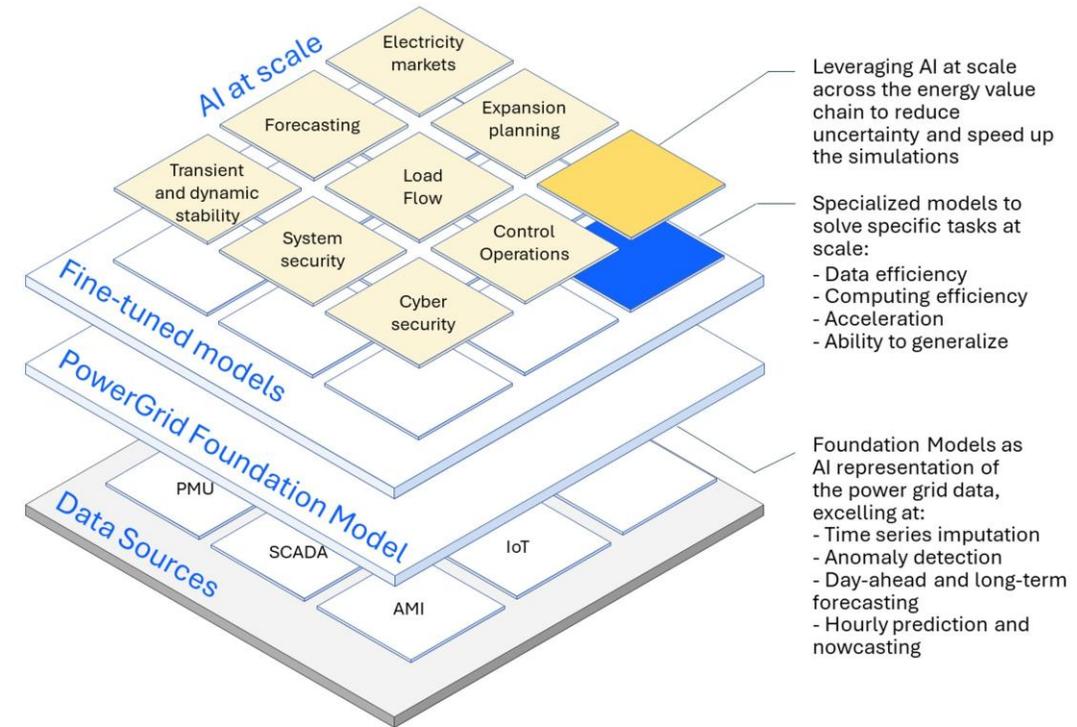
Foundation models: what's to come next?

4 The EU organised the first [workshop](#) on **European AI Foundation Models for the Energy Grids** on December 8th 2025

4 Working Groups are bringing together TSOs, DSOs, AI developers, technology providers, Testing and Experimentation Facilities (TEFs), research partners and EU institutions to **define common priorities**

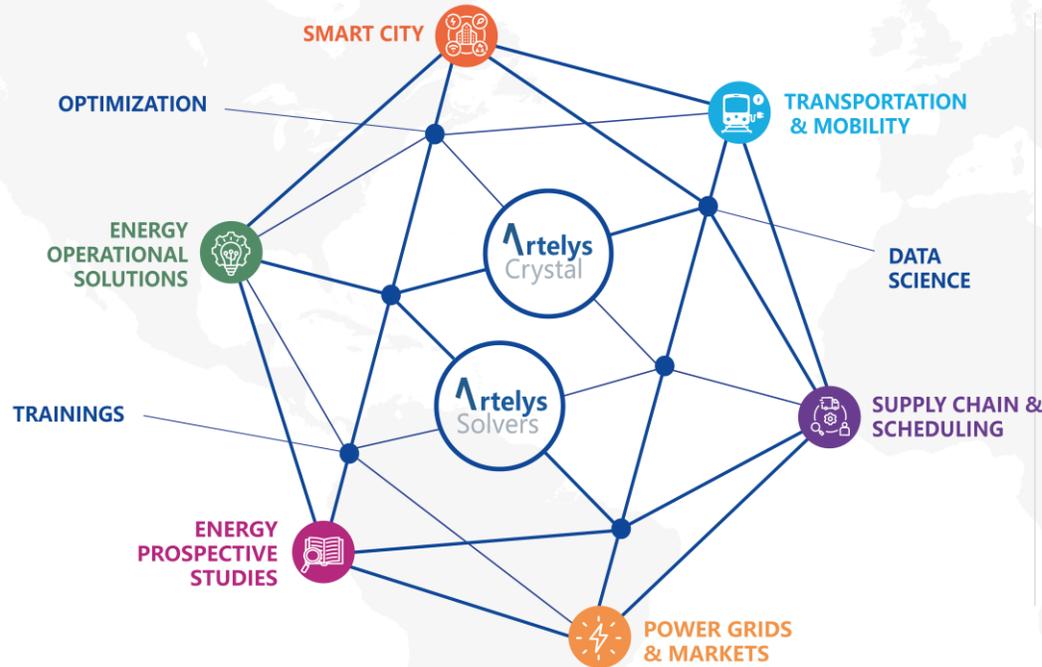
4 3 Working Groups

- | Strategic use cases, benchmarking & validation strategy
- | Data, governance & interoperability
- | Model Development, Training Pipeline & MLOps Framework



<https://lfenergy.org/projects/gridfm/>

Thank You!



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